# quorum documentation

Release 0.1.8

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Contents

A small extension framework for Flask to easy a series of simple tasks.

CHAPTER 1

# Introduction

# 1.1 Goals and Focus

The focus of this project was...

### Changelog

List the complete set of changes to the quorum project since it's creation.

# 2.1 Current Versions

#### 2.1.1 0.1.8

- New support for quorum.exists\_amazon\_key() and quorum.clear\_amazon\_bucket() calls
- Better unit testing for amazon.py
- Support for the SERVER\_\* environment variables

#### 2.1.2 0.1.7

- Better signature for quorum.send\_mail()
- Improved asynchronous mode under quorum.send\_mail\_a()
- New support for quorum.delete\_amazon\_key() calls

#### 2.1.3 0.1.6

- Support for Amazon S3 using boto
- Experimental documentation

# 2.2 Older Versions

#### 2.2.1 0.1.5

• Initial support for mongodb

#### 2.2.2 0.1.4

· Legacy support values

#### 2.2.3 0.1.3

• Legacy support values

#### 2.2.4 0.1.1

• Legacy support values

#### 2.2.5 0.1.0

- Initial release
- First specification of the framework

#### **Configuration Variables**

### 3.1 Global

- .. **DEBUG::** boolean (default = False) If the application should be ran under the run mode.
- .. **PORT::** integer (default = 5000) The port to be used by the default http server when binding to the socket.

Note: The PORT value is not used when running in contained WSGI.

.. **HOST::** string (default = "127.0.0.1") The port to be used by the default http server when binding to the socket. This value may be 0.0.0.0 in case the user want to bind to every interface on the system (may be insecure).

Note: The HOST value is not used when running in contained WSGI.

### 3.2 Mail / SMTP

.. SMTP\_HOST:: string

Hostname or IP address of the server to be used as gateway for sending smtp messages (e-mails) under quorum.

This value may contain an optional port value separated by a ':' character.

```
.. SMTP_USER:: string
```

Username to be used in the authentication process on the SMTP connections used for sending email messages.

**Note:** Most of the times the username is an email address and as such it's also used as the default fallback value for the sender value for outgoing emails.

```
.. SMTP_PASSWORD:: string
```

Password to be used in the authentication process on the SMTP connections used for sending email messages.

### 3.3 MongoDB

#### .. MONGOHQ\_URL:: string

The url to be used for the establishment of connection to the MongoDB server. It must contain authentication

information, host, port and optionally the default database to be used.

Note: An example url for mongo would be something like mongodb://root:root@db.hive:27017.

### 3.4 Redis

.. REDISTOGO\_URL:: string TODO

### 3.5 RabbitMQ / AMQP

.. CLOUDAMOP\_URL:: string

URL used by the RabbitMQ library (pika) to create the connection with the server that is going to be used in the session. It should contain both authentication and location information.

Note: An example url for rabbit would be something like amqp://root:root@db.hive.

### 3.6 Amazon Web Services

- .. AMAZON\_ID:: string TODO
- .. AMAZON\_SECRET:: string TODO
- .. AMAZON\_BUCKET:: string TODO

### 3.7 Pusher

- .. PUSHER\_APP\_ID:: string TODO
- .. PUSHER\_KEY:: string TODO
- .. PUSHER\_SECRET:: string TODO

### **API Reference**

#### 4.1 quorum

#### 4.1.1 Base

#### quorum.**APP = None**

The reference to the top level application object that is being handled by quorum. This value is used across the quorum infra-structure to access flask data and capabilities.

Note: Changing this value directly should be done with care as it may create undesired results. To set/start this value use the quorum.load() function instead.

quorum.load(app=None, name=None, secret\_key=None, execution=True, redis\_session=False, mongo\_database=None, logger=None, models=None, \*\*kwargs)

Initial loader function responsible for the overriding of the flask loading system and for the loading of configuration.

Note: This function should be called inside you main app file failure to do so may result in unexpected behavior.

#### **Parameters**

- **app** (*Application*) The optional flask application object to be used in the loading of quorum (useful for self managed apps).
- **name** (*String*) The name to be used to describe the application for the management of internal values.
- **secret\_key** (*String*) The secret seed value to be used for cryptographic operations under flask (eg: client side sessions) this value should be shared among all the pre-fork instances.
- **execution** (*bool*) Flag indicating if the (background) execution thread should be started providing the required support for background tasks.
- **redis\_session** (*bool*) If the session management for the flask infra-structure should be managed using a server side session with support from redis.
- **mongo\_database** (*String*) The default name of the database to be used when using the mongo infra-structure.
- **logger** (*String*) The name to be used as identification for possible logger files created by the logging sub-module.

• **models** (*Module*) – The module containing the complete set of model classes to be used by the data infra-structure (eg: mongo).

#### Return type Application

**Returns** The application that is used by the loaded quorum environment in case one was provided that is retrieved, otherwise the newly created one is returned instead.

#### quorum.unload()

Unloads the current quorum instance, after this call no more access to the quorum facilities is allowed.

**Warning:** Use this function with care as it may result in unexpected behavior from a developer point of view.

**Note:** After the call to this method most of the functionally of quorum will become unavailable until further call to quorum.load().

quorum.run\_back (callable, args=[], kwargs={}, target\_time=None, callback=None)

Runs the provided callable (function, method, etc) in a separated thread context under submission of a queue system. It's possible to control the runtime for the execution with the target\_time argument and it's also possible to be notified of the end of the execution providing a callable to the callback parameter.

**Warning:** The execution is not guaranteed as the system process may be interrupted and resuming of the execution would not be possible.

#### **Parameters**

- callable (Function) The callable object to be called in a separated execution environment.
- **args** (*Dictionary*) The list of unnamed argument values to be send to the callable upon execution.
- **args** The dictionary of named argument values to be send to the callable upon execution.
- **target\_time** (*float*) The target timestamp value for execution, in case it's not provided the current time is used as the target one.
- **callback** (*Function*) The callback function to be called upon finishing the execution of the callable, in case an error (exception) on executing the callback the error is passed as error argument.

#### quorum.run\_background(callable, args=[], kwargs={}, target\_time=None, callback=None)

Runs the provided callable (function, method, etc) in a separated thread context under submission of a queue system. It's possible to control the runtime for the execution with the target\_time argument and it's also possible to be notified of the end of the execution providing a callable to the callback parameter.

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- **target\_time** (*float*) The target timestamp value for execution, in case it's not provided the current time is used as the target one.
- **callback** (*Function*) The callback function to be called upon finishing the execution of the callable, in case an error (exception) on executing the callback the error is passed as error argument.

#### 4.1.2 Mail / SMTP

Sends an email message using the provided SMTP\_HOST, SMTP\_USER and SMTP\_PASSWORD configurations.

The email message is sent under the alternative mime type so that both the plain text and the rich text (html) parts are sent in the same message.

The plain and rich arguments allow the user to process a template with the context provided by the context map.

**Warning:** This is a blocking call and as such the control flow may block for more that a second, if you want a non blocking (asynchronous) call please use quorum.send\_mail\_a().

#### Parameters

- **app** (*Application*) Optional application object to be used for the rendering operation as the main object for flask. In case this value is not provided the global quorum. APP value is used instead (fallback).
- **subject** (*String*) The mime subject to be sent with this message, note that if this value is not set many spam filters will consider the message as spam.
- **sender** (*String*) The email (and name) of the sender of the email, in case this value is not set the SMTP\_USER variable is used instead.
- **receivers** (*List*) The list of receivers (with email and name) for which the email will be sent.
- **data** (*String*) The buffer containing the data to be used for both the plain and the rich text parts in case the template associated arguments are not set or in case the rendering is not successful.
- **plain** (*String*) Relative path to the plain text template to be used for the rendering of the email, this path must be relative to the templates folder.
- **rich** (*String*) Relative path to the rich text template to be used for the rendering of the email, this path must be relative to the templates folder.
- **context** (*Dictionary*) The map containing the complete set of variables that are going to be "*exposed*" to the template rendering engine for both the plain and the rich.

#### quorum.send\_mail\_a(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Asynchronous call to the quorum.send\_mail() function that is executed in a different thread from the current one. The currently loaded queue system is used for the sending of the email, for more information check on quorum.run\_background().

Note: The arguments to be send for this function are the same as the one present in the original quorum.send\_mail() function.

### 4.1.3 MongoDB

enumerate (sequence[, start=0])
Return an iterator that yields tuples of an index and an item of the

# 4.2 quorum.mongodb

```
quorum.mongodb.get_connection()
```

### Glosary

**BIOS** A set of computer instructions in firmware that control input and output operations.

- **EPEL** Common acronym for Extra Packages for Enterprise Linux. These are typically included in Fedora Linux, and provided for RedHat, CentOS, and other RPM-based distributions. The project's homepage is here: FedoraProject:EPEL.
- **MAC** Pronounced as "mack" and often used as a noun referring to a network device's Media Access Controller (MAC) address. A MAC address is a globally unique number assigned to each interface in an Ethernet network and used to direct Ethernet frames between source and destination devices.
- **OSI** Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) is an effort to develop standards-based computer networking protocols in order to allow networking equipment from different vendors to interoperate without relying on implementation of competing proprietary protocols. The OSI is best known for the development of the standard seven-layer OSI model for describing layers of abstraction into which the various networking protocols are categorized.
- **POSIX** An acronym for "Portable Operating System Interface", is a family of standards specified by the IEEE for maintaining compatibility between operating systems. POSIX defines the application programming interface (API), along with command line shells and utility interfaces, for software compatibility with variants of Unix and other operating systems. Read more here: Wikipedia:POSIX.
- **RFC** The RFC documents (Request for Comments) are a series of Internet standards, best common practices, and related documents describing how networked computers communicate. This document series provides the standards for how the Internet and many other related technologies interrelate and interoperate.

# Installation

Install using setuptools, e.g. (within a virtualenv):

\$ easy\_install quorum

# Example

import flask import quorum app = quorum.load( name = \_\_name\_\_\_ ) @app.route("/", methods = ("GET",)) def index(): return flask.render\_template("index.html.tpl") if \_\_name\_\_ == "\_\_main\_\_":

quorum.run()

CHAPTER 8

Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search